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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
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10/090,499

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Anthony J. Dezonno

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EXAMINER

GENACK, MATTHEW W

ART UNIT

PAPER NUMBER

2617

MAIL DATE

DELIVERY MODE

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PAPER

**Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.**

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

## Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/090,499

Applicant(s)

DEZONNO ET AL.

Examiner

Matthew W. Genack

Art Unit

2617

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

### Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 4 October 2007.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

### Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

### Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

### Attachment(s)

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)                                | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)                       | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application                       |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____  |

## DETAILED ACTION

### *Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102*

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

2. Claims 1, 5-8, 12-15, and 18-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Alpdemir, U.S. Patent Application Publication 2002/0035474.

Regarding Claims 1, 8, and 15, Alpdemir discloses a method, system, and business model for an information system and service having business self-promotion features whereby consumers call an information center associated with a business using a regular telephone (Abstract, [0002] Lines 1-7, [0018], Fig. 1). A live agent may handle some calls ([0059], [0110] Lines 1-7). A caller may submit a query pertaining to the activities of the business ([0002], [0018], [0085], [0094], [0141] Lines 1-5). The user's question can then be translated into Voice Extensible Markup Language (VXML) with a speech-to-text (STT) conversion engine ([0138] Lines 1-17, Fig. 1). Artificial intelligence is used in the processing and answering of the query ([0141] Lines 7-9). A text-to-speech (TTS) engine and speech server are used to provide the answer to the caller (Abstract, [0139] Lines 1-5, [0143] Lines 1-11, Fig. 1).

Regarding Claims 5 and 12, it is inherent that an artificial intelligence engine used for answering caller's queries would utilize the expertise and inputs associated with a live agent.

Regarding Claims 6 and 13, Alpdemir discloses that a personal computer (PC), personal digital assistant (PDA), or other appliance capable of displaying HTML pages may submit a query to the information center (Abstract, [0139] Lines 8-19, Fig. 1).

Regarding Claim 7, the queries are limited to pertaining to the activities of the business, as outlined above.

Regarding Claim 14, Alpdemir discloses that a user may inquire about a category, a category and a location, or any item or combination of items ([0108]).

Regarding Claim 18, a live agent may handle some calls, as outlined above.

Regarding Claim 19, Alpdemir discloses that a query may be submitted via email ([0054]).

### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claims 2, 9, and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Alpdemir in view of Gavan *et. al.*, U.S. Patent No. 6,601,048, further in view of Dezonmo, U.S. Patent No. 6,233,333.

Alpdemir does not expressly disclose the use of a caller call record by the artificial intelligence engine in the processing of a call.

Gavan *et. al.* discloses a system and method for processing event records for the purposes of detecting and managing fraud (Abstract, Column 2 Lines 18-28). Specifically, in the context of telecommunications fraud detection, artificial intelligence is used to monitor event records that are stored in a call history database, said records containing information pertaining to the identity of the caller and the called parties (Column 3 Lines 38-64, Column 11 Lines 4-65, Figs. 2 and 4).

At the time that the invention was made, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the invention of Alpdemir by providing for use of call records, said call records containing information pertaining to identity and contact history, by an artificial intelligence engine in the processing of a call.

One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to make this modification so as to provide a less rigid system of pattern analysis in the processing of a telecommunications traffic (Gavan *et. al.*: Column 2 Lines 6-15).

Neither Alpdemir nor Gavan *et. al.* expressly discloses the simultaneous delivery of a caller call record and said caller's call to a network device.

Dezonmo discloses an apparatus and method for identifying a call record that is to be delivered from one automatic call distributor to another automatic call distributor (Abstract, Column 2 Line 60 to Column 3 Line 13, Figs. 1-2). Customer

records for a caller, and said caller's call, are delivered to a selected agent simultaneously (Column 7 Lines 30-44).

At the time that the invention was made, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the invention of Alpdemir as modified by Gavan *et. al.* by providing for the simultaneous delivery of a caller's call and call records to the artificial intelligence engine.

One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to make this modification in order to expedite the handling of the call (Dezonmo: Column 7 Line 55 to Column 8 Line 3).

5. Claims 3-4, 10-11, 17, and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Alpdemir in view of Saylor *et. al.*, U.S. Patent No. 6,792,086.

Regarding Claims 3, 10, and 17, Alpdemir does not expressly disclose the conversion of an answer into an extensible markup language.

Saylor *et. al.* discloses a system and method whereby voice codes store content, said content being accessible by telephone (Abstract, Column 1 Lines 62-66, Column 5 Lines 12-14). A user calls a call processing center, and said call center processes an information request from said user via a voice browser module that uses speech recognition to interpret the user's request for information. This information may be disseminated by an organization whose purpose is commerce-related (Column 3 Lines 36-41, Column 5 Lines 41-42 and 55). The user may ask a business-related question (Column 17 Lines 13-16). The VXML information may be passed through a TTS in order to create a sound file that is subsequently played for

the user (Column 8 Lines 16-34); alternatively, the VXML information may delivered to the user as a text file (Column 8 Lines 34-38).

At the time that the invention was made, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the invention of Alpdemir by providing for the conversion, by the AI engine, of the provided answer into an extensible markup language.

One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to make this modification because the customer may be using a device that is more suited to receiving an answer in extensible markup language form than in the form of synthesized speech.

Regarding Claims 4 and 11, Alpdemir discloses that the requested information may be passed through a text-to-speech engine and speech server and played on the user's telephone (Abstract, [0139] Lines 1-5, [0143] Lines 1-11, Fig. 1).

Regarding Claim 20, Alpdemir discloses a method, system, and business model for an information system and service having business self-promotion features whereby consumers call an information center associated with a business using a regular telephone (Abstract, [0002] Lines 1-7, [0018], Fig. 1). A live agent may handle some calls ([0059], [0110] Lines 1-7). A caller may submit a query pertaining to the activities of the business ([0002], [0018], [0085], [0094], [0141] Lines 1-5). The user's question can then be translated into Voice Extensible Markup Language (VXML) with a speech-to-text (STT) conversion engine ([0138] Lines 1-17, Fig. 1). Artificial intelligence is used in the processing and answering of

the query ([0141] Lines 7-9). A text-to-speech (TTS) engine and speech server are used to provide the answer to the caller (Abstract, [0139] Lines 1-5, [0143] Lines 1-11, Fig. 1). The requested information may be passed through a text-to-speech engine and speech server and played on the user's telephone (Abstract, [0139] Lines 1-5, [0143] Lines 1-11, Fig. 1).

Alpdemir does not expressly disclose the conversion of an answer into an extensible markup language.

Saylor et. al. discloses a system and method whereby voice codes store content, said content being accessible by telephone (Abstract, Column 1 Lines 62-66, Column 5 Lines 12-14). A user calls a call processing center, and said call center processes an information request from said user via a voice browser module that uses speech recognition to interpret the user's request for information. This information may be disseminated by an organization whose purpose is commerce-related (Column 3 Lines 36-41, Column 5 Lines 41-42 and 55). The user may ask a business-related question (Column 17 Lines 13-16). An interpreter may be used to provide requested Voice XML information to the user (Column 8 Lines 16-20).

At the time that the invention was made, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the invention of Alpdemir by providing for the conversion, by the AI engine, of the provided answer into an extensible markup language.

One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to make this modification because the customer may be using a device that is more suited to receiving an answer in extensible markup language form than in the form of synthesized speech.

***Response to Arguments***

6. Applicant's arguments filed 4 October 2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Regarding Claims 1, 5-8, 12-15, and 18-19, Applicant asserts, on Pages 7-8 of Remarks, that "Alpdemir does not disclose the use of an artificial intelligence engine for forming answers to questions from callers as claimed. The citation to Alpdemir pointed out by the Office Action (Paragraph 0141) does not provide a disclosure of the claimed use of an artificial intelligence engine to answer the call center queries at all. Instead, it states in the first sentence of the paragraph, "Embodiments of the inventive system may desirably incorporate and utilize natural language speech recognition." (para, 0141, lines 2-3) There is no mention of an artificial intelligence use in this sentence or anywhere else in the paragraph. Then the last sentence adds the simple statement that artificial intelligence is known in the art and not described. This statement that AI is known is not a statement that it is used or a description or a description of how it may be used. The sentence goes on to say that there will be no description of artificial intelligence ... Even within the context of embodiments, the statement about AI is no more than an observation that AI is known, it does not state that it should be used, such unstated use is merely being assumed in the Office Action. Further, the context of the

entire paragraph describes the use of natural language speech recognition to extract requests or inquiries but not to answer them. Thus, even if the description of use of speech recognition to extract requests is assumed to include AI, there is still no disclosure of use of AI to answer queries about the activities of the organization as claimed ... this limited universe provides unique advantages, and is not disclosed in Alpdemir which does not describe use of this limited universe in an AI engine, or in fact, any implantation of an artificial intelligence engine to form answers to inquiries.”

Examiner directs Applicant’s attention to the following excerpt from Paragraph 0141: “Embodiments of the inventive system may desirably incorporate and utilize natural language speech recognition.” This is the first sentence of Paragraph 0141, and therefore, it is clear that the entirety of this Paragraph exists within the context of “embodiments of the inventive system”. It is incumbent on the Applicant to explain why Alpdemir’s statement regarding artificial intelligence, in this paragraph, is totally outside of this context, and not pertaining in any way to the inventive system, e.g., a system for providing answers to queries submitted via telephone. It is illogical to conclude that the final sentence in Paragraph 0141, “Natural speech processing and artificial intelligence are known in the art and not described in greater detail here.” does not refer to the use of artificial intelligence with natural speech processing to answer spoken queries submitted via telephone. Furthermore, the invention of Alpdemir is used to provide information pertaining to a specific business to callers making inquiries about said business (Abstract, [0089]-[0091]).

### ***Conclusion***

Art Unit: 2617

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Matthew W. Genack whose telephone number is 571-272-7541. The examiner can normally be reached on Flex.

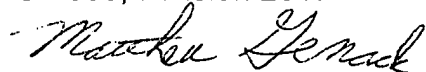
If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Duc Nguyen can be reached on 571-272-7503. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Matthew Genack

Examiner

TC-2600, Division 2617



7 January 2008



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